LULLEY Julius

Julius Lulley Of Harvey's Is Dead at 58

Julius Lulley, the internationally-famous host and owner of Harvey's Restaurant, died early yesterday at George Washington

Mr. Lulley

University Hospital. He was 58 years old.

Mr. Lulley died of cancer of the bladder. He had been ill for the past six months and had undergone several operations during that

A third-generation Washingtonian, Mr. Lulley was a grandson of one of the founders of the Washington Hebrew Congregation.

His career began in 1908, shortly after his graduation from the old Business High School, when he joined Harvey's as a wine steward.

The restaurant, already worldfamous, was then at its original location, 1016 Pennsylvania ave. nw., and under the direction of its founder, the late George W. Harvey.

During the year which remained of Harvey's life, he taught his young wine steward each step of the culinary art. Mr. Lulley carried on the Harvey tradition and eventually became known as a "scholar of food."

Died Nov. 11-1951 washington, D.C.

In 1931, Mr. Lulley bought control of Harvey's from the late Joel Hillman of Atlantic City, and moved it to its present location at 1107 Connecticut ave. nw. Its status as a culinary haven for famous figures in Washington remained unchanged.

Under Host Lulley's direction, Harvey's prepared a goose and wild duck dinner for a "command performance" at the White House in 1940, and shipped country-cured hams overseas to Generals Dwight Eisenhower and Mark Clark.

Mr. Lulley was a member of The Lambs of New York, the Society of Friends of Escoffier, the Epicurean Club, the American Legion, the Jewish War Veterans, the Washington Hebrew Congregation, the Variety Club, the Touchdown Club, and the Washington Board of Trade.

He was the chairman of the board of the Bank of Bowie, Bowie, Md., a past president of the Washington Restaurant Association, and belonged to the Elks and Masons. For the past nine years, his home has been at Hillside Farm in Bowie, where many of his famous friends gathered for picnics and outings.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Birdie Solomon Lulley.

Funeral services will be held at 2:30 p. m. Tuesday at Gawler's funeral home, 1756 Pennsylvania ave. nw. Burial will be in Washington Hebrew Congregation Cemetery. wash Star

Julius Lulley

By curious coincidence, the noted restaurateur, Julius Lulley of Harvey's, died 100 years almost to the day after his grandfather, Emmanuel Lulley, arrived in America with the famous Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth, who came here as a guest of the Nation. There were about 55 people in the entourage of Kossuth, all exiles after the unsuccessful Hungarian uprising in 1848-49, who were interned by the Turkish government in Kutahia, Asia Minor. The Russians had demanded extradition of Kossuth and his followers, which demand was refused by the gallant Turks.

When Congress sent America's most modern warship, the steam frigate "Mississippi" (1692 tons, 147 personnel, destroyed at Port Hudson, March 14, 1863) to the port of Gemlik in the Dardanelles to pick up the Hungarians, Lulley managed to have this entire family there. Kossuth, 2000. a notoriously soft-hearted man, consented to include them in his entourage.

The "Mississippi" arrived in New York

November 10, 1851. Julius Lulley, the son of one of the five Lulley children who arrived that day, died November 11, 1951.

The grandfather also dabbled in the culinary arts in which his grandson became so proficient. The Turks established a separate restaurant in Kutahia for the Hungarians and delegated Lulley manager. The venture, however was far from being a success. The food was very expensive and very bad, consequently the restaurant was soon closed. I am glad to hear that the grandson amply atoned for the culinary shortcomings of his grandsire.

Americans of Hungarian extraction will commemorate the 100th anniversary of Kossuth's American tour. (He visited Washington twice. Beside Lafayette he was the second foreigner to address both Houses of Congress; was feted by the members of the Congress and dined at the White House.)

We hoped to include Julius Lulley in our local celebration in March, 1952. This hope was shattered by his untimely death.

Edmund Vasvary.

1951 Nov.